

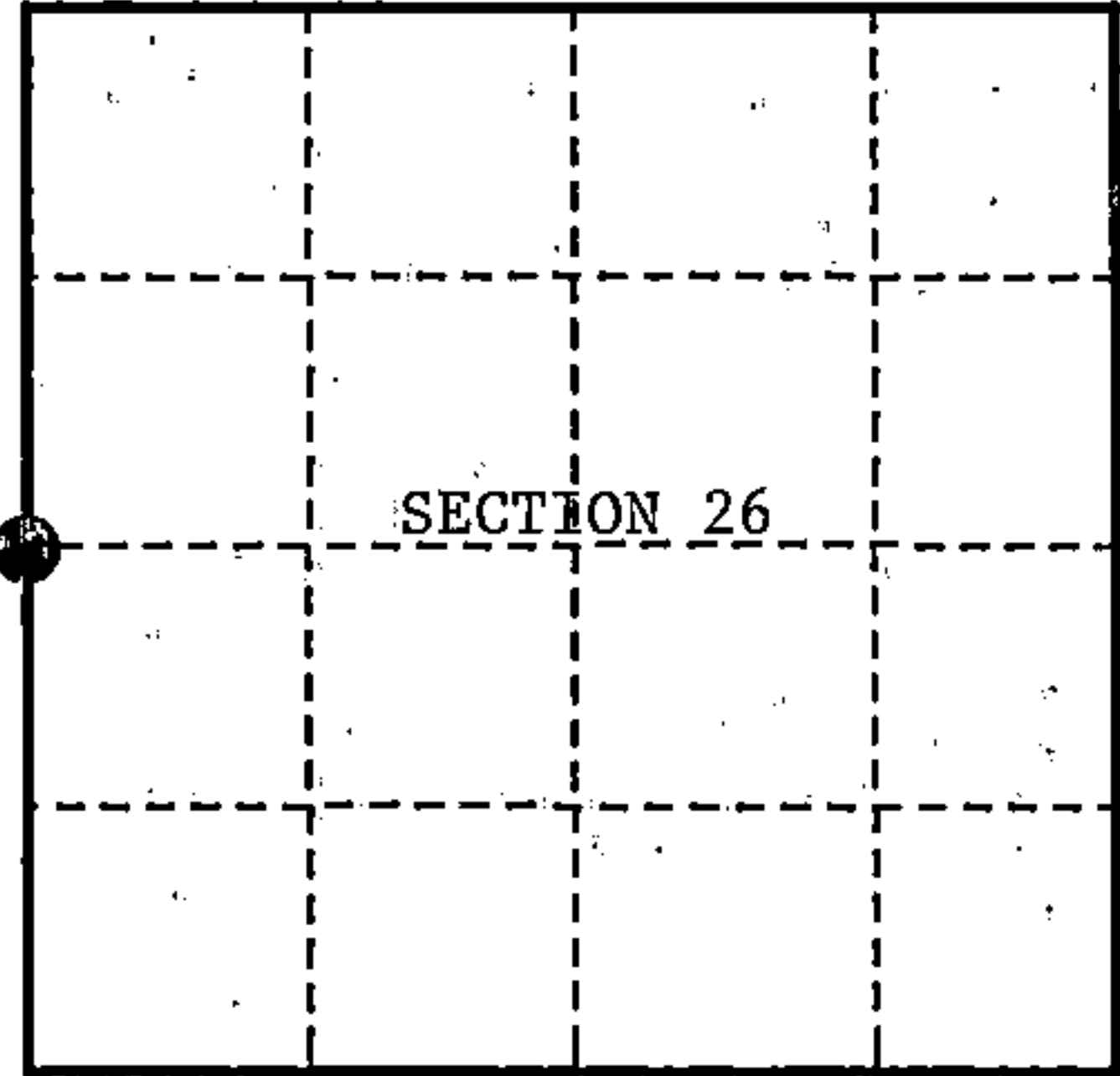
U. S. PUBLIC LAND SURVEY MONUMENT RECORD

INSTRUCTIONS:

This record shall show the location of the corner and shall include all of the following nine elements (a through i).

- (a) Identify the corner by reference to the U.S. public land survey system.
- = Corner monument restored.

Quarter Corner to Sections 26 and 27,
T35N, R15E.



REGISTER'S OFFICE }
Forest County, Wis.

Received for record this 20th day
of November A.D., 19 90 at
1:00 o'clock P.M. and recorded
in Vol. Corner Restorations
page T-17

Paul Aschenbrenner
Register of Deeds

- (b) Describe any record evidence, monument evidence, occupational evidence, testimonial evidence or any other material evidence you considered, and whether the monument was found or placed.

In 1859 corner was established by James McBride. He set a wood post with two BTs:
Birch, 16", S.82°W., 30 Links Birch, 14", N.70°E., 28 Links

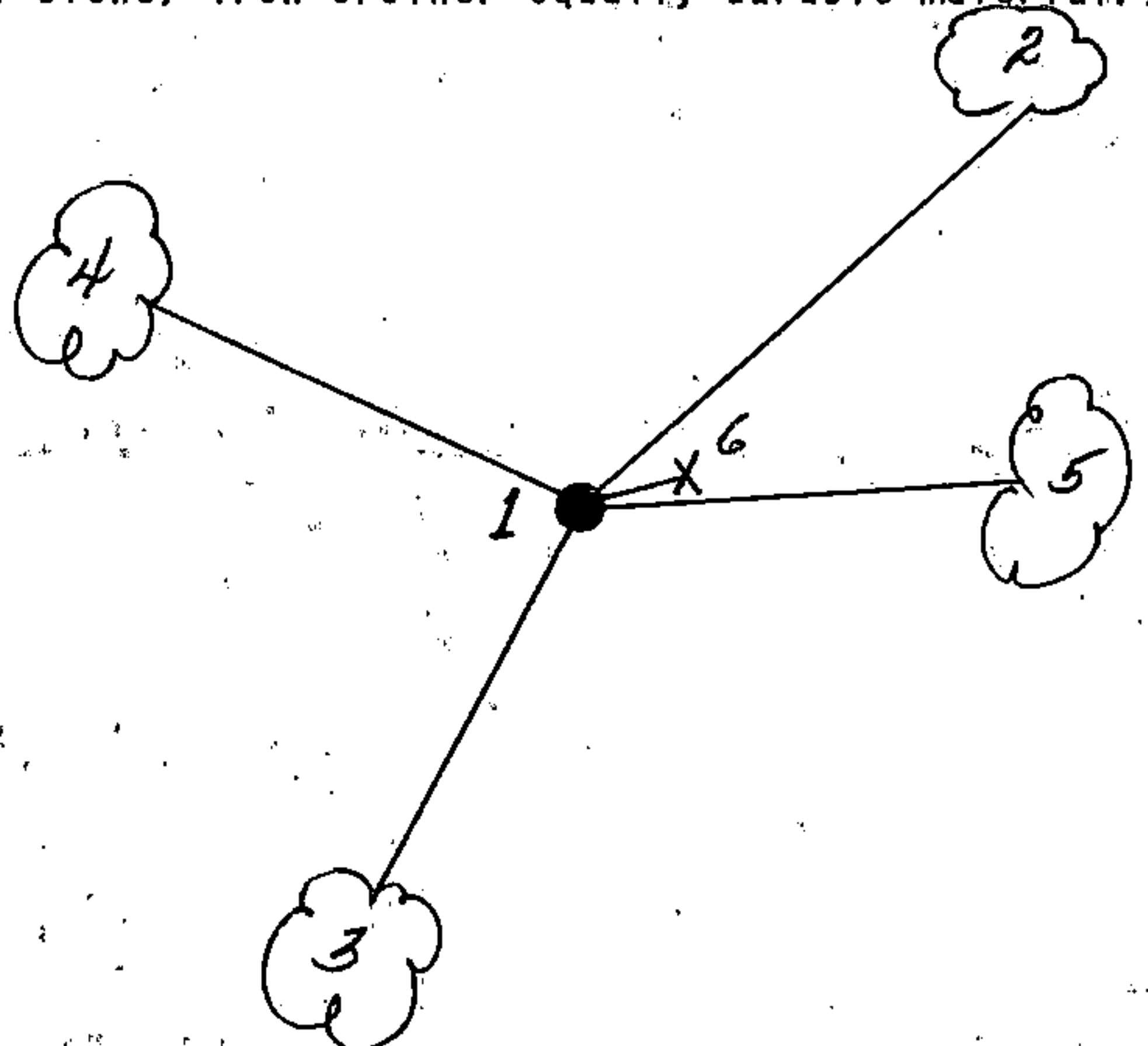
1900 - 1910 W. S. Harris made a new BT, a Sugar, 26", S.87°W., 54 1/2 Links.
Melindy and Owen Smith used this corner to establish 1/16 Corners, North, South, East and West.

In 1936 Rifleman states on an 874 from Forest Service records that he saw corner (an Aspen stake) and placed a location poster on a Maple snag, 10", N.72°E., 10 Links.

On 5/21/1990 Milo E. Stefan found group of stone with large, very decayed Maple stump remains, S.87°E., 10 Links. We also found the tag placed by Rifleman at base of a stump hole, N.72°E., 10 Links from the group of stones. From the evidence we were able to restore the corner to it's original location.

- (c) In the plan view drawing below, provide reference ties to at least 4 witness monuments, or, if the location is within a municipality, to at least 2 witness monuments. (witness monuments shall be made of concrete, natural stone, iron or other equally durable material.)

- (d) Show a plan view drawing depicting the relevant monuments and reference ties which is sufficient in detail to enable accurate relocation of the corner monument if the corner monument is disturbed. Indicate north.



- 1) 2" x 36" aluminum monument in mound of stone with tablet stamped to identify corner.
- 2) Sugar Maple, 20", N.23°E., 164.55'
- 3) W. Spruce, 6", S.19°W., 13.09'
- 4) W. Spruce, 11", N.66°W., 28.42'
- 5) W. Spruce, 8", N.86°E., 24.70'
- 6) Steel Sign Post, 6", Northeast 1.5'

(e) Describe any material discrepancy between the location of the corner as restored or reestablished and the location of that corner as previously restored or reestablished by distance and direction. Show the discrepancy on the plan view drawing under (d), above. Show the distances between the corner as previously restored or reestablished and (1) the corner as restored or reestablished, and (2) to at least 2 of the witness monuments shown on the drawing in (d), above.

None

(f) Was the corner restored through acceptance of (1) an obliterated evidence location, or, (2) a found perpetuated location?

A found perpetuated location.

(g & h) Was the corner reestablished through lost corner proportionate methods? If so, show the method, including the directions and distances to other public land survey corners used as evidence or used for proportioning in determining the corner location?

(1) I, Milo E. Stefan

(type or print name) certify that the corner location shown on this record was determined by me or under my direction and control and that this U.S. Public Land Survey Monument Record is correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Milo E. Stefan
Signature

July 16, 1990
Date

CERTIFICATE READY FOR FILING:

Dale B. Staeger
District Ranger

