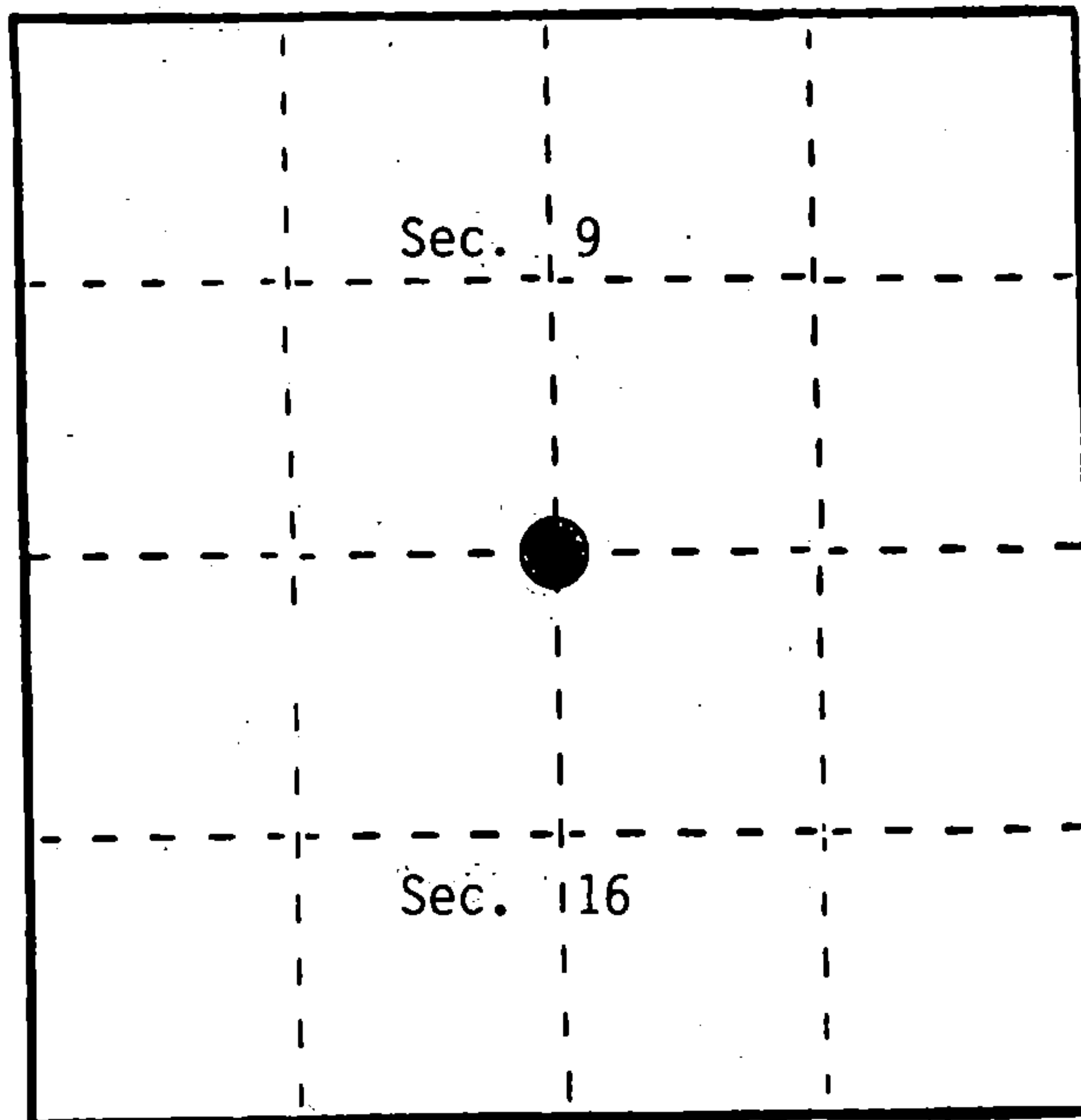


U. S. PUBLIC LAND SURVEY MONUMENT RECORD

INSTRUCTIONS: This record shall show the location of the corner and shall include all of the following nine elements (a through i).

- (a) Identify the corner by reference to the U.S. public land survey system.
- = Corner monument restored.

Quarter corner to Sections 9 and 16, T.34N., R.14E.



REGISTER'S OFFICE  
 Forest County, Wis.  
 Received for record this 13<sup>th</sup> day  
 of January, A.D., 1989 at  
10:00 o'clock A.M. and recorded  
 in Vol. CORNER RESTORATIONS  
 page T-11  
*Paul Achenbrenner*  
 Register of Deeds

- (b) Describe any record evidence, monument evidence, occupational evidence, testimonial evidence or any other material evidence you considered, and whether the monument was found or placed.  
 In 1859, James McBride set a wood post with the following B.T.s: Hemlock, 16", S.52W., 16 links, (10.56'); Birch, 8", N.46E., 24 links, (15.84').

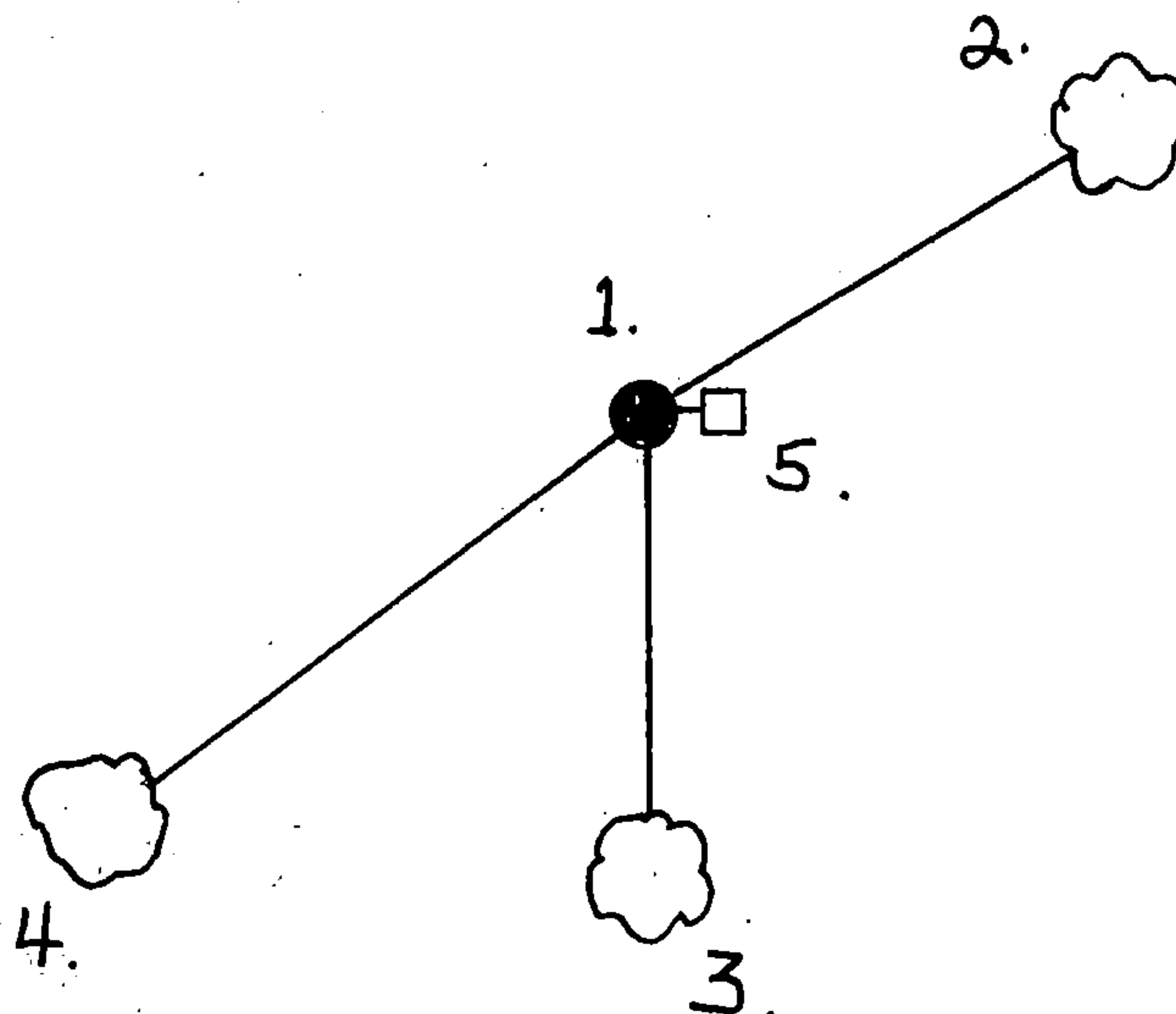
In 1936, H. Powell found a wood post scribed for the corner with the following B.T.s: Birch snag, 8", N.41½E., 12.21 feet; Hemlock, 12", S.28E., 13.86 feet. He placed a metal location poster on a Yellow Birch, 12", N.86W., 8.58 feet, poster is on the east side of the tree.

In 1987, Alan Harrison, R.L.S.) found: Location poster on a 14" Birch Snag, pulled S.86E., 8.58 feet and found a post point and remains of a rotted post. From post point at; N.41E. 12.2 feet a 10" birch stump; S.28W. 13.9 feet a 14" hemlock stump; S.52W. 10.6 feet to remains of a hemlock stump. Accepted post point as best remaining evidence of original corner. Replaced post point with a 2½" x 36" aluminum monument.

- (c) In the plan view drawing below, provide reference ties to at least 4 witness monuments, or, if the location is within a municipality, to at least 2 witness monuments. (Witness monuments shall be made of concrete, natural stone, iron or other equally durable material.)  
 Describe witness monuments.

- (d) Show a plan view drawing depicting the relevant monuments and reference ties which is sufficient in detail to enable accurate relocation of the corner monument if the corner monument is disturbed. Indicate north.

- 2½" x 36" aluminum monument with tablet stamped to identify the corner location.
- W. Pine, 9", N.67E., 37.41 feet.
- Sugar, 7", S.02E., 26.41 feet.
- Hemlock, 12", S.59W., 47.29 feet.
- Steel sign post, East, 0.86 feet.



(e) Describe any material discrepancy between the location of the corner as restored or reestablished and the location of that corner as previously restored or reestablished by distance and direction. Show the discrepancy on the plan view drawing under (d), above. Show the distances between the corner as previously restored or reestablished and (1) the corner as restored or reestablished, and (2) to at least 2 of the witness monuments shown on the drawing in (d), above.

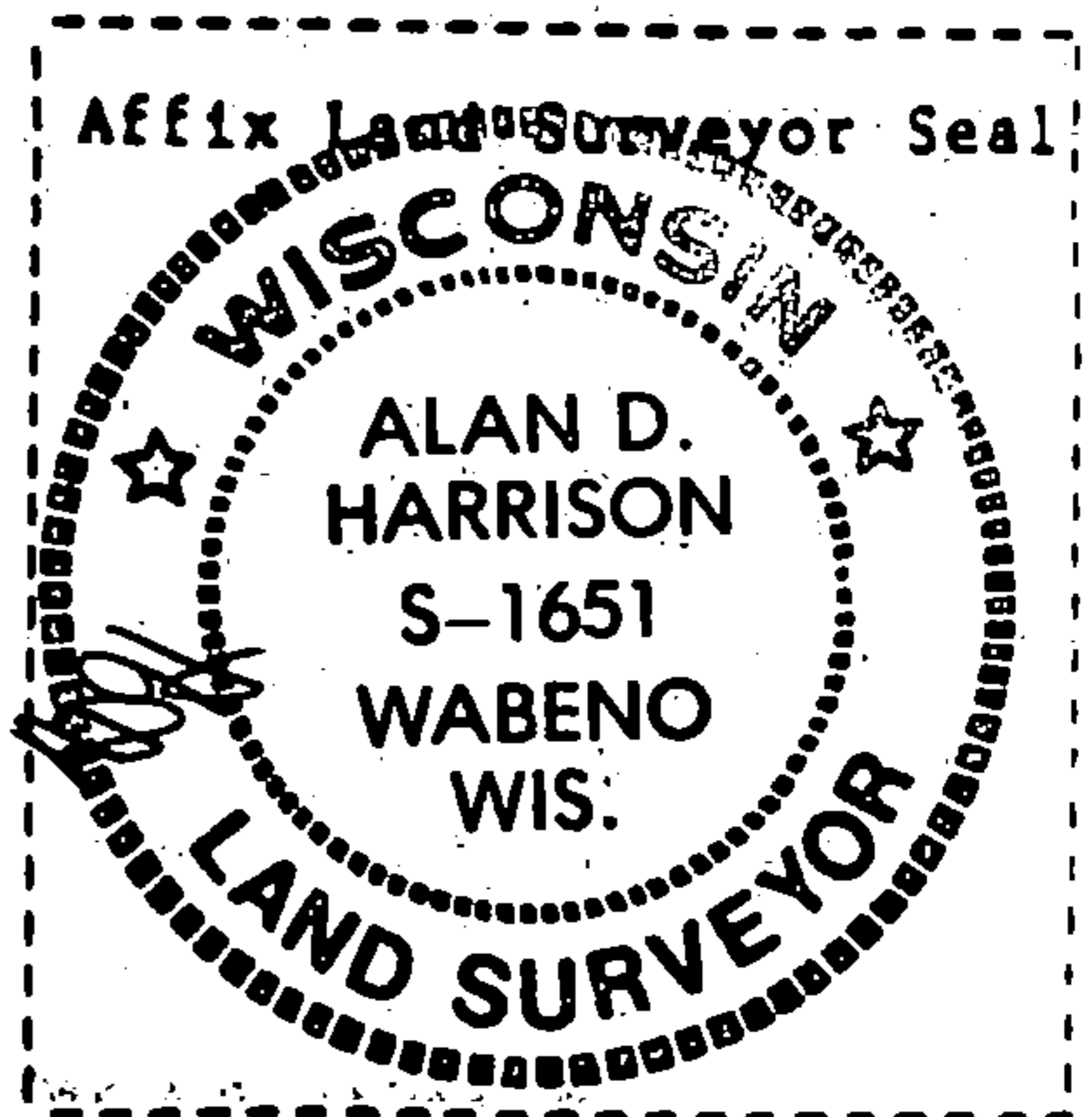
None.

(f) Was the corner restored through acceptance of (1) an obliterated evidence location, or, (2) a found perpetuated location?

(2) a found perpetuated location.

(g) Was the corner reestablished through lost corner proportionate methods? If so, show the method, including the directions and distances to other public land survey corners used as evidence or used for proportioning in determining the corner location?

No.



(1) I, Alan D. Harrison  
(Type or print name) certify that the corner location shown on this record was determined by me or under my direction and control and that this U.S. Public Land Survey Monument Record is correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Alan D. Harrison 1/6/89  
Signature Date

Certificate ready for filing: Dale B. Steege  
District Ranger