Title Register of Deeds

Office of Register of Deeds County of Forest

= Corner monument restored

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record

on the 22nd day of May 19.70, and was filed in Book

DOCUMENT

Mumber

98039

U. S. PUBLIC LAND SURVEY MONUMENT RECORD

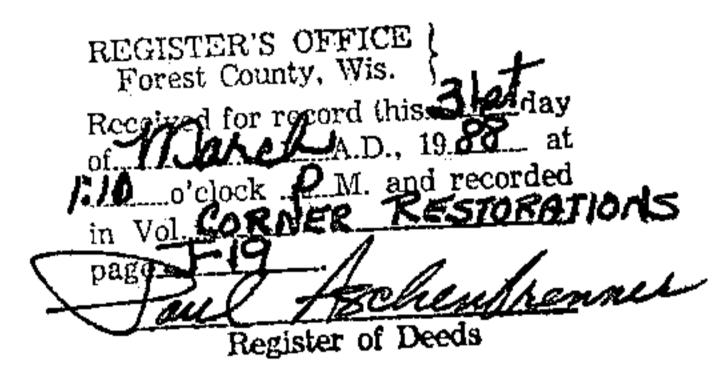
INSTRUCTIONS:

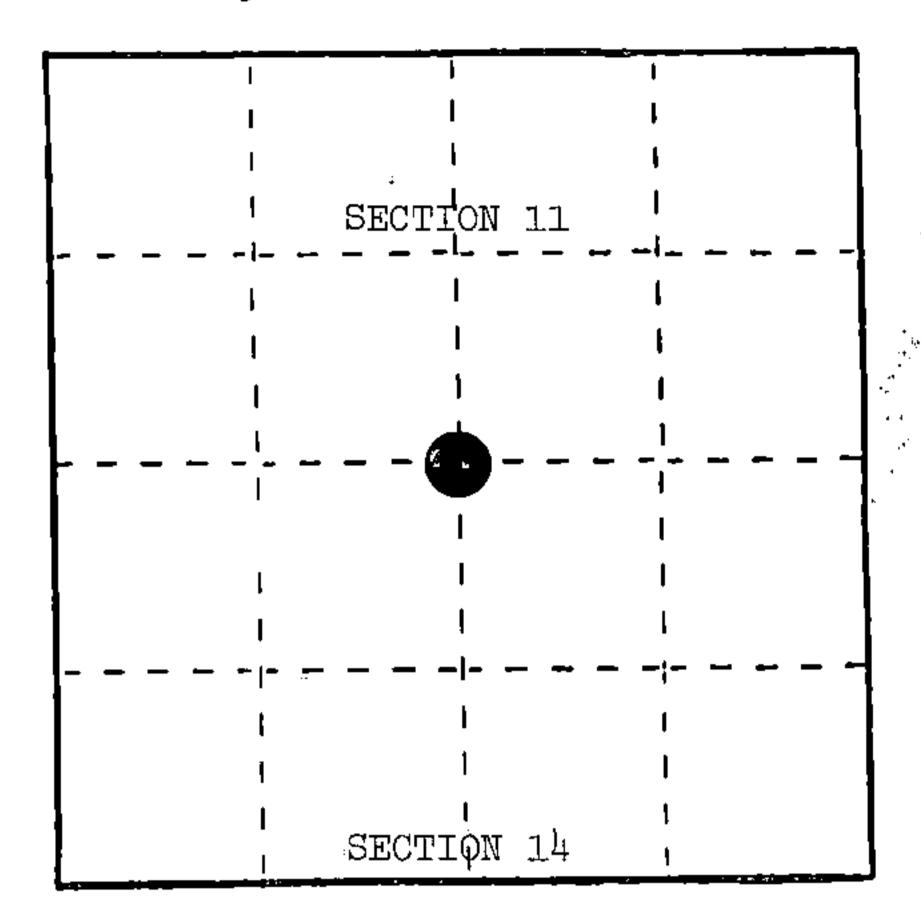
This record shall show the location of the corner and shall include all of the following nine elements (a through i).

(a) Identify the corner by reference to the U.S. public land survey system.

O - Corner monument restored.

Quarter Corner to Sections 11 and 14, T.35N., R.15E.



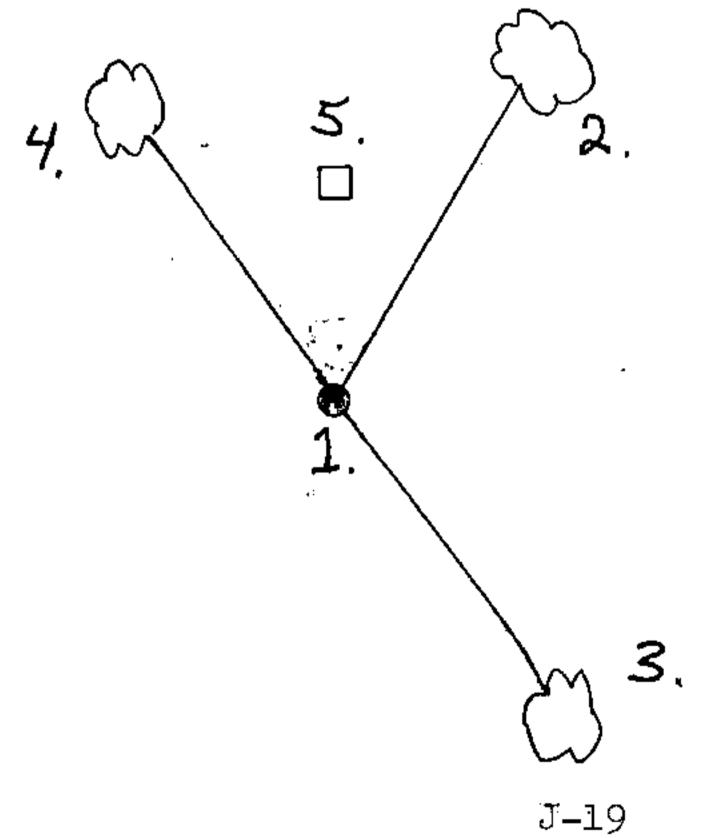


(b) Describe any record evidence, monument evidence, occupational evidence, testimonial evidence or any other material evidence you considered, and whether the monument was found or placed.

In 1859, James McBride set a wood post with the following BTs: Birch, 12", S.42°E., 18 links; Birch, 14", N.57°E., 14 links. In 1904, N. Smith found original corner and witnesses to be okay. In 1908, J. Melendy found 4" x 4" Ironwood post from resurvey with the following original BTs: Birch, 14", S.24½°E., 18 links; Birch, 18", N.57°E., 13½ links. He then set a 5" x 5" Elm post in place of previous post. In 1936, John Hammes found a Cedar stake in good condition on north side of road. He did not believe stake to be original due to lack of any original evidence. In 1969, J. Resvick found Cedar post in mound of rock on south side of road. Set corner north, 33 feet from post found in road. In 1987, Alan Harrison (RLS) restored position by retracement of J. J. Melendy's survey from Center ¼ through the CN 1/16. Corner position agrees with N. Smith's 1904 survey and J. Melendy's 1908 survey.

- (c) In the plan view drawing below, provide reference ties to at least 4 witness monuments, or, if the location is within a municipality, to at least 2 witness monuments. (Witness monuments shall be made of concrete, natural stone, iron or other equally durable material.)

 Describe witness monuments.
- (d) Show a plan view drawing depicting the relevant monuments and reference ties which is sufficient in detail to enable accurate relocation of the corner monument if the corner monument is disturbed. Indicate north.
- 1. Railroad spike in road surface.
- 2. Jack Pine, 8", N.34°E., 73.81 feet
- 3. Sugar, 6", S.32°E., 70.30 feet
- 4. Jack Pine, 12", N.27°W., 56.75 feet
- 5. Steel Sign Post, North, 24.05 feet



Book 9, Page 38

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Obscribe any material discrepancy between the location of the corner as restored or reestablished resitablished and the location of that corner as previously restored or reestablished by distance and direction. Show the discrepancy on the plan view drawing under (d), above. Show the distances between the corner as previously restored or reestablished and (1) the corner as restored or reestablished, and (2) to at least 2 of the witness monuments shown on the drawing in (d), above.

Yes, corner by J. Resvick (1969), east, 104 feet.

- (if) was the corner restored through acceptance of (1) an obliterated evidence location, or, (2) a found perpetuated location?
- (1) an obliterated evidence location.
- (9&h) was the corner reestablished through lost corner proportionate methods? If so, show the method, including the directions and distances to other public hand survey corners used as evidence or used for proportioning in determining the corner location?

Yes.

(i) Alan D. Harrison

(type or print name) certify that the corner location shown up this record was determined by me or under my direction and control and that this U.S. Public Land Survey Monument Record is correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature 3/28/88

Certificate ready for filing:

District Ranger

1 x 1 3 5

Affix Land Surveyor Seal

ALAN D.

HARRISON

S-1651

WABENO

WIS.

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U. S. PUBLIC LAND SURVEY MONUMENT RECORD

INSTRUCTIONS:

This record shall show the location of the corner and shall include all of the following nine elements (a through 1).

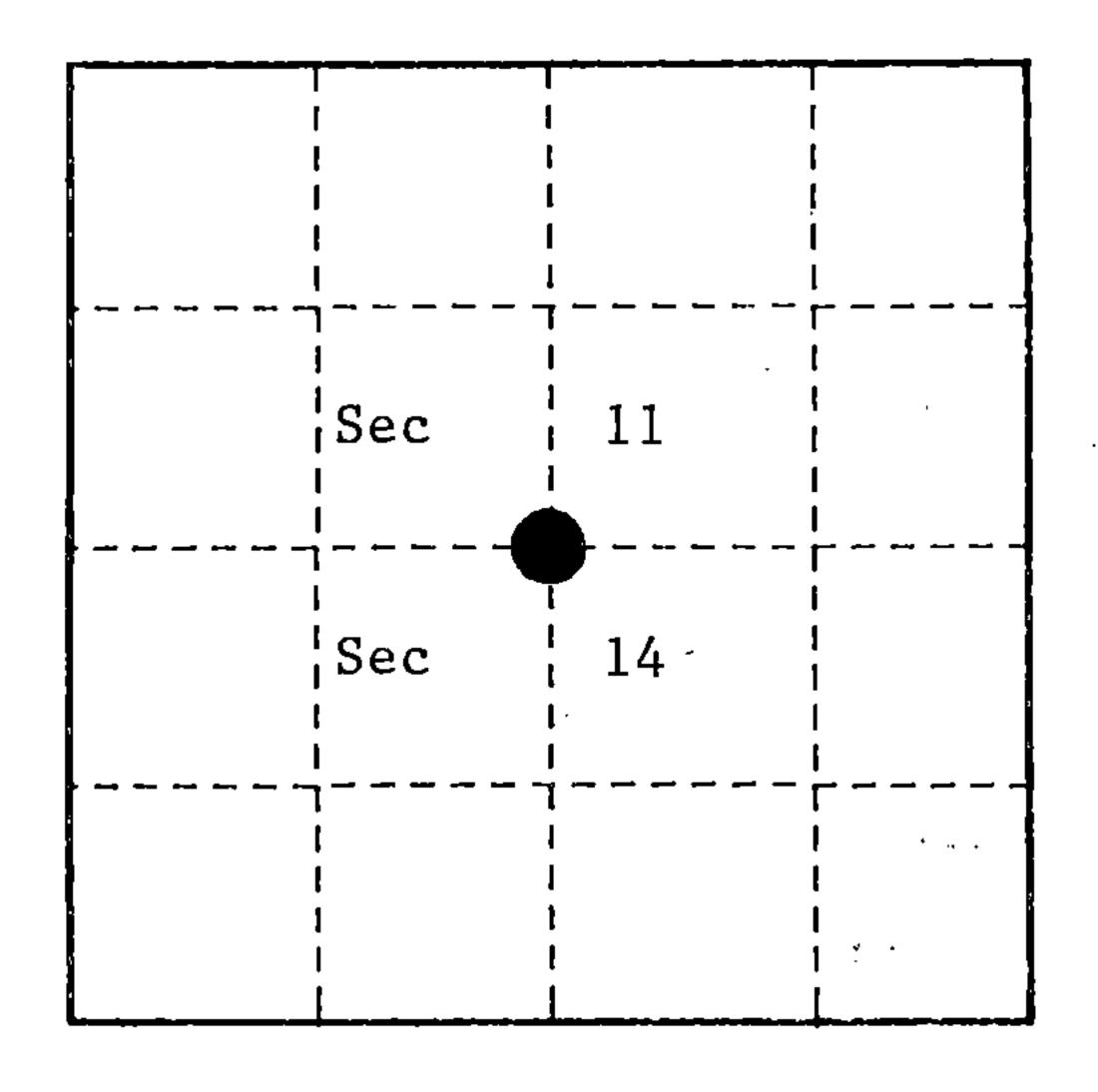
(a) Identify the corner by reference to the U.S. public land survey system.

O = Corner monument restored.

Quarter Corner Common to Sections 11 and 14, T.35N., R.15E., Forest County, WIsconsin.

State Plane Coordinates
Wisconsin North Zone
N - 132589.69166
E - 2331753.61265

Geographic Coordinates
N - 45 - 31 - 17.01140
W - 088 - 34 - 58.02477



(b) Describe any record evidence, monument evidence, occupational evidence, testimonial evidence or any other material evidence you considered, and whether the monument was found or placed.

In 1859, James McBride set a wood post with the following B.T.'s; Birch, 12", S.42°E., 18 links, Birch, 14", N.57°E., 14 links.

In 1904, N. Smith found original corner and witnesses to be okay.

In 1908, J. Melendy found 4" X 4" Ironwood post from resurvey with the following original B.T.'s; Birch, 14", S.24½°E., 18 links, Birch, 18", N.57°E., $13\frac{1}{2}$ links. He then set a 5" X 5" Elm post in place of previous post.

In 1936, John Hammes found a Cedar stake in good condition on North side of road. He did not believe stake to be original due to lack of any original evidence.

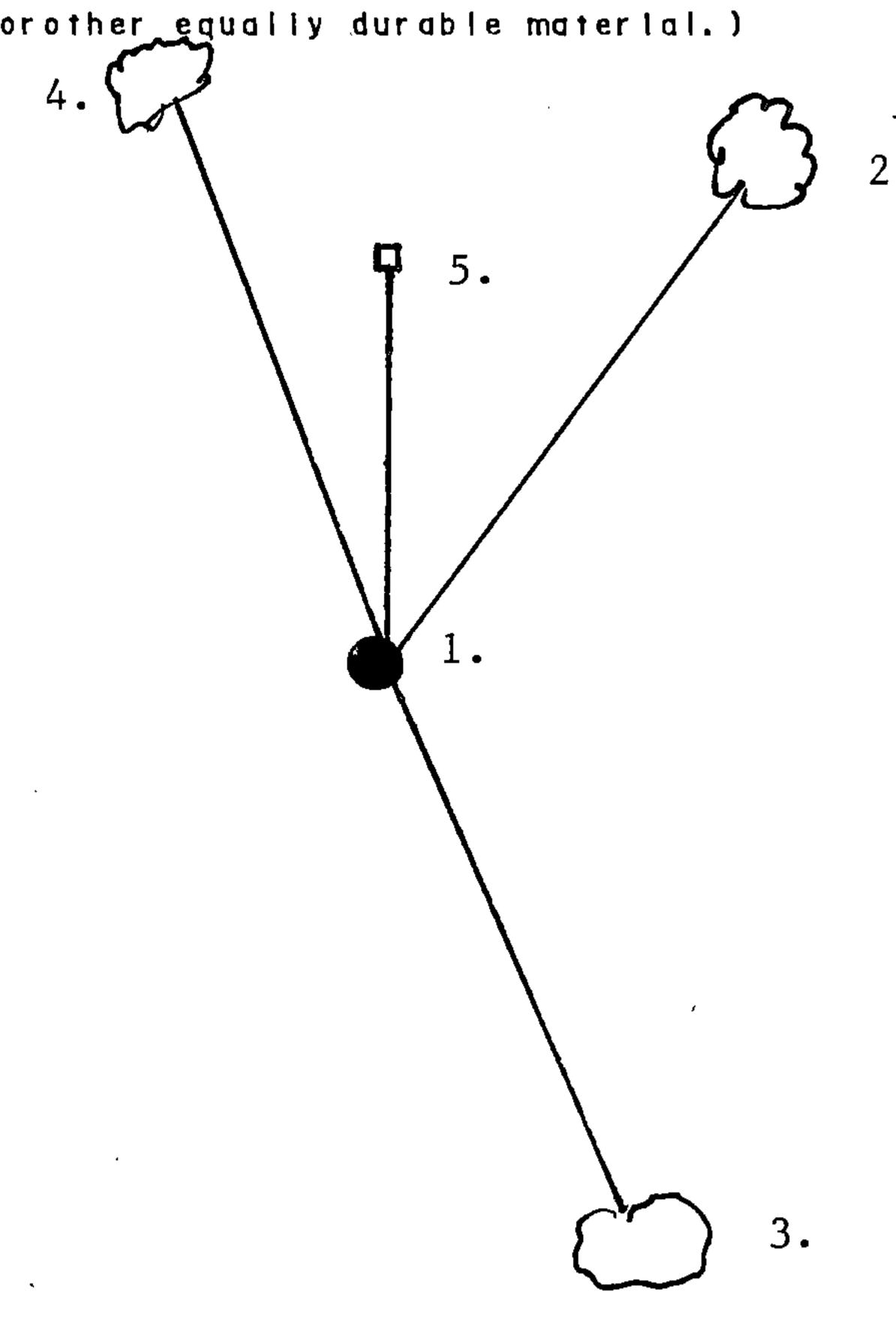
In 1969, J. Resvick found Cedar post in mound of rock on South side of road. Set corner North, 33 feet from post found in road.

In 1987, Alan Harrison, RLS, restored position by retracement of J. Melendy's survey from Center ½ through the CN 1/16. Corner position agrees with N. Smith's 1904 survey and J. Melendy's 1908 survey.

In 1994, Alan Harrison, RLS, found bearing trees as set in 1987. Northeast Jack Pine B.T. is dead. Road has been re-surfaced therefore railroad spike is below top surface. Set P.K. nail over railroad spike. Made a new bearing tree; White Spruce, 15", N.42°E., 64.30 feet.

(c) In the plan view drawing below, provide reference ties to at least 4 witness monuments, or, if the location is within a municipality, to at least 2 witness monuments. (witness monuments shall be made of concrete, natural stone, Iron orother equally durable material.)

- (d) Show a plan view drawing depicting the relevent monuments and reference ties which is sufficient in detail to enable accurate relocation of the corner monument if the corner monument is disturbed. Indicate north.
- 1. P.K. nail over railroad spike.
- 2. White Spruce, 15", N.42°E., 64.30 feet.
- 3. Sugar, 6", S.32°E., 70.30 feet.
- 4. Jack Pine, 12", N.27°W., 56.75 feet.
- 5. Steel Sign Post, North, 24.05 feet.
- 6. C/L F.R. # 2136, North, 4.00 feet.



(e) Describe any material discrepancy between the location of the corner as restored or reestablished and the location of that corner as previously restored or reestablished by distance and direction. Show the discrepancy on the plan view drawing under (d), above. Show the distances between the corner as previously restored or reestablished and (i) the corner as restored or reestablished, and (2) to at least 2 of the witness monuments shown on the drawing in (d), above.

None

(f) Was the corner restored through acceptance of (1) an obliterated evidence location, or, (2) a found perpetuated location ?

(2)

(g & h) Was the corner reestablished through lost corner proportionate methods? If so, show the method, including the directions and distances to other public land survey corners used as evidence or used for proportioning in determining the corner focation?

No

REGISTER'S OFFICE
Forest County, Wis.

Received for record this. Oday
of A.D., 19.95 at

Soo'clock A.M. and recorded
in Vol. A.D., 19.95 at

Register of Deeds

ALAN D.
HARRISON
S-1651
WABENO
WIS.

SURVINGER SEQUENCE S

(1) | Alan D. Harrison

(type or print name) certify that the corner location shown on this record was determined by me or under my direction and control and that this U.S. Public Land Survey Monument Record is correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature

Date

CERTIFICATE READY FOR FILING:

District Ranger